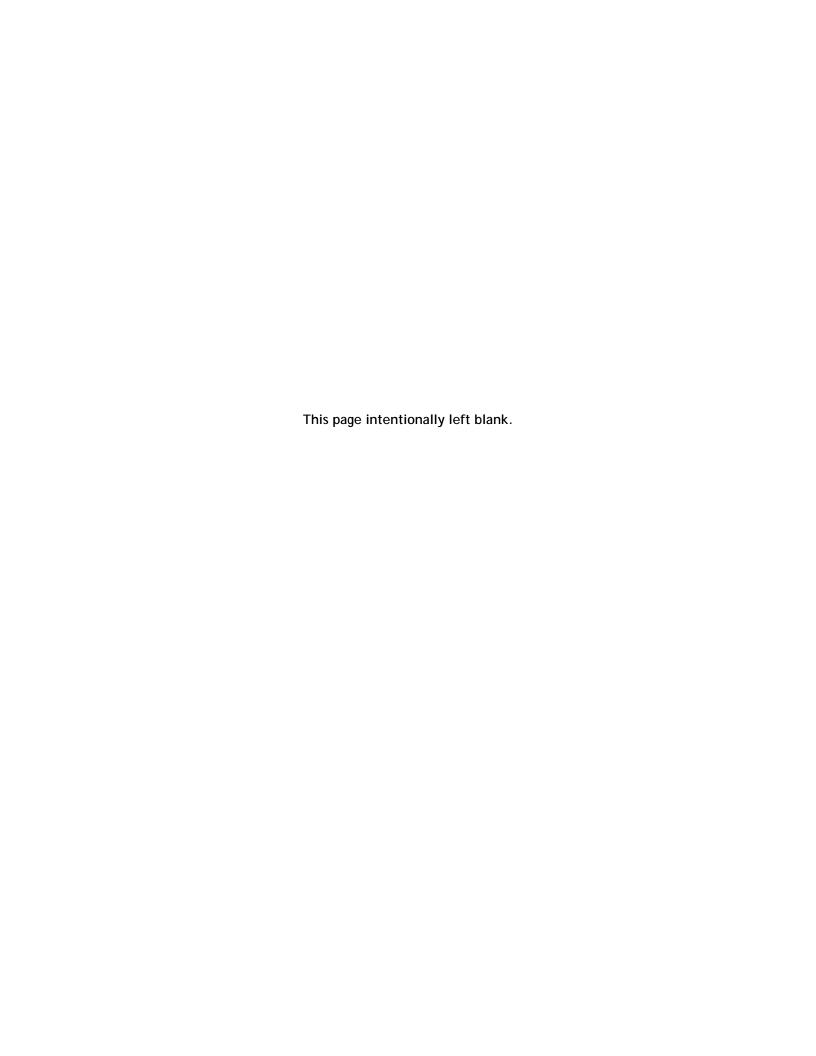
### City of Grand Ledge, Michigan

Year Ended June 30, 2016 Financial Statements





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### Rehmann Robson

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 28, 2016

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Grand Ledge Eaton County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Grand Ledge, Michigan* (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Ledge, Michigan, as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and each major special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Rehmann Loham LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Grand Ledge, Michigan, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

### Financial Highlights

- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$28,257,985 (net position). This is an increase of \$1,351,283 over the prior year. Of the \$28,257,985 net position, \$355,315 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in the prior year. In addition to expanded disclosure requirements, the City was required to report its net pension liability on the statement of net position. This change has contributed to a total unrestricted net deficit of governmental activities of \$368,922.
- The government's total net position increased by \$1,351,283.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,831,049, a decrease of \$11,113 from the prior year, of which \$904,619 is available for unrestricted spending (unassigned fund balance). Please note that \$181,000 in expenses are for FY17 projects.
- Total fund balance increased by \$142,161 during the current fiscal year, which was \$249,140 more than the planned
  use of fund balance as approved in the final budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance
  for the general fund was \$904,619 or 29.2% of total general fund revenues and other financing sources.
- The City's total bonded debt (including capital lease for bonded debt through Eaton County) decreased by \$840,000 during the current fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer enterprise operations.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The component units are the Downtown Development Authority and the Local Development Finance Authority.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 11 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, major, local streets, municipal streets and capital projects funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its equipment maintenance and employee benefits services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been largely included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water and sewer enterprise fund, which is considered to be a major fund of the City. Conversely, all of the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information includes this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the City's pension and other postemployment benefits plans.

The *combining statements* referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Grand Ledge, net position was \$28,257,985 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (95.9 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, systems and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Net Position						
	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	oe Activities	Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,844,717	\$ 2,215,957	\$ 1,103,357	\$ 972,204	\$ 3,948,074	\$ 3,188,161	
Capital assets	16,832,552	16,411,975	19,650,035	19,697,091	36,482,587	36,109,066	
Total assets	19,677,269	18,627,932	20,753,392	20,669,295	40,430,661	39,297,227	
Deferred outflows							
of resources	348,024	60,131	178,117	200,382	526,141	260,513	
or resources	340,024	00,131	170,117	200,302	320,141	200,313	
Long-term liabilities	2,442,487	2,681,816	7,398,532	8,011,926	9,841,019	10,693,742	
Other liabilities	2,559,366	1,665,512	290,752	282,947	2,850,118	1,948,459	
Total liabilities	5,001,853	4,347,328	7,689,284	8,294,873	12,691,137	12,642,201	
Deferred inflows							
	7,680	0 027			7 490	0 027	
of resources	7,000	8,837			7,680	8,837	
Net position:							
Net investment in							
capital assets	14,578,172	13,930,364	12,517,988	11,958,478	27,096,160	25,888,842	
Restricted	806,510	919,854	-	-	806,510	919,854	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(368,922)	(518,320)	724,237	616,326	355,315	98,006	
Total not position	¢15 015 740	¢44 224 909	¢42 242 22E	¢42 E74 904	¢20 257 005	¢24 004 702	
Total net position	\$15,015,760	\$14,331,898	\$13,242,225	\$12,574,804	\$28,257,985	\$26,906,702	

An additional portion of the City's net position (2.9 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (1.3 percent or \$355,315) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in the net position categories of net investment in capital assets and restricted net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The unrestricted deficit in the governmental activities is related to the reporting for the net pension liability.

The government's net position increased by \$1,351,283 during the current fiscal year. This increase is largely attributable to conservative spending along with strategic use of staff positions. Additional operating and capital grants were received during the year.

Frogram revenues:         Cols 2016 2016 2015 2016 2016 2015         Colspan="2">Tol		Change in Net Position						
Program revenues:         Charges for services         \$ 652,157         \$ 562,495         \$ 3,377,170         \$ 2,865,010         \$ 4,029,327         \$ 3,427,505         Operating grants         763,792         607,760         - 263,792         607,760         - 607,760         - 763,792         607,760         - 607,760 <th< td=""><td></td><td>Governmen</td><td>tal Activities</td><td>Business-ty</td><td>pe Activities</td><td>To</td><td>tal</td></th<>		Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal	
Charges for services Operating grants         \$ 652,157         \$ 562,495         \$ 3,377,170         \$ 2,865,010         \$ 4,029,327         \$ 3,427,505           Operating grants Operating grants         763,792         607,760         -         763,792         607,760           Capital grants and contributions         148,883         -         105,705         -         254,588         -           General revenues:         Property taxes         2,410,013         2,346,345         -         -         2,410,013         2,346,345           Grants and unrestricted contributions         708,427         690,208         -         -         708,427         690,208           Other         42,520         18,421         47,926         45,152         90,446         63,573           Total revenues         4,725,792         4,225,229         3,530,801         2,910,162         8,256,593         7,135,391           Expenses:         General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,692,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Operating grants         763,792         607,760         -         -         763,792         607,760           Capital grants and contributions         148,883         -         105,705         -         254,588         -           General revenues:         Property taxes         2,410,013         2,346,345         -         -         2,410,013         2,346,345           Grants and unrestricted contributions         708,427         690,208         -         -         708,427         690,208           Other         42,520         18,421         47,926         45,152         90,446         63,573           Total revenues         4,725,792         4,225,229         3,530,801         2,910,162         8,256,593         7,135,391           Expenses:         General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,190,871         966,823           Public safety         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118	Program revenues:							
Capital grants and contributions 148,883 - 105,705 - 254,588 - General revenues:  Property taxes 2,410,013 2,346,345 - 2,410,013 2,346,345 Grants and unrestricted contributions 708,427 690,208 - 708,427 690,208 Other 42,520 18,421 47,926 45,152 90,446 63,573 Total revenues 4,725,792 4,225,229 3,530,801 2,910,162 8,256,593 7,135,391 Expenses:  General government 1,190,871 966,823 - 1,190,871 966,823 Public safety 1,622,998 1,421,199 - 1,622,998 1,421,199 Highway and streets 1,009,360 1,025,330 - 1,009,360 1,025,330 Recreation and culture 201,956 242,118 - 201,956 242,118 Interest on long-term debt 16,745 21,910 - 16,745 21,910 Water and sewer - 2,863,380 2,560,752 2,863,380 2,560,752 Total expenses 4,041,930 3,677,380 2,863,380 2,560,752 2,863,380 2,560,752 Total expenses 4,041,930 3,677,380 2,863,380 2,560,752 6,905,310 6,238,132 Change in net position 683,862 547,849 667,421 349,410 1,351,283 897,259 Net position:  Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278 Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	Charges for services	\$ 652,157	\$ 562,495	\$ 3,377,170	\$ 2,865,010	\$ 4,029,327	\$ 3,427,505	
General revenues:           Property taxes         2,410,013         2,346,345         -         -         2,410,013         2,346,345           Grants and unrestricted contributions         708,427         690,208         -         -         708,427         690,208           Other         42,520         18,421         47,926         45,152         90,446         63,573           Total revenues         4,725,792         4,225,229         3,530,801         2,910,162         8,256,593         7,135,391           Expenses:         General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330         Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118         -         -         16,745         21,910         Water and sewer         -         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380			607,760	-	-	763,792	607,760	
Property taxes		148,883	-	105,705	-	254,588	-	
Grants and unrestricted contributions         708,427         690,208         -         -         708,427         690,208           Other         42,520         18,421         47,926         45,152         90,446         63,573           Total revenues         4,725,792         4,225,229         3,530,801         2,910,162         8,256,593         7,135,391           Expenses:         General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,190,871         966,823           Public safety         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118           Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -         -         16,745         21,910           Water and sewer         -         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132 <t< td=""><td>General revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	General revenues:							
Other Total revenues         42,520         18,421         47,926         45,152         90,446         63,573           Total revenues         4,725,792         4,225,229         3,530,801         2,910,162         8,256,593         7,135,391           Expenses:         General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,190,871         966,823           Public safety         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118           Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -         -         16,745         21,910           Water and sewer         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132           Change in net position:         683,862         547,849         667,421         349,410         1,351,283         897,259 <td></td> <td>2,410,013</td> <td>2,346,345</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,410,013</td> <td></td>		2,410,013	2,346,345	-	-	2,410,013		
Total revenues 4,725,792 4,225,229 3,530,801 2,910,162 8,256,593 7,135,391  Expenses:  General government 1,190,871 966,823 1,190,871 966,823  Public safety 1,622,998 1,421,199 1,622,998 1,421,199  Highway and streets 1,009,360 1,025,330 1,009,360 1,025,330  Recreation and culture 201,956 242,118 201,956 242,118  Interest on long-term debt 16,745 21,910 16,745 21,910  Water and sewer 2,863,380 2,560,752 2,863,380 2,560,752  Total expenses 4,041,930 3,677,380 2,863,380 2,560,752 6,905,310 6,238,132  Change in net position 683,862 547,849 667,421 349,410 1,351,283 897,259  Net position:  Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278  Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	contributions	708,427	690,208	-	-	708,427	690,208	
Expenses: General government 1,190,871 966,823 1,190,871 966,823 Public safety 1,622,998 1,421,199 1,622,998 1,421,199 Highway and streets 1,009,360 1,025,330 1,009,360 1,025,330 Recreation and culture 201,956 242,118 201,956 242,118 Interest on long-term debt 16,745 21,910 16,745 21,910 Water and sewer 2,863,380 2,560,752 2,863,380 2,560,752 Total expenses 4,041,930 3,677,380 2,863,380 2,560,752 6,905,310 6,238,132  Change in net position 683,862 547,849 667,421 349,410 1,351,283 897,259  Net position: Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278 Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	Other						63,573	
General government         1,190,871         966,823         -         -         1,190,871         966,823           Public safety         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118           Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -         -         16,745         21,910           Water and sewer         -         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132           Change in net position:         883,862         547,849         667,421         349,410         1,351,283         897,259           Net position:         889,000         880,000         14,784,884         12,574,804         12,225,394         26,906,702         27,010,278           Restatement for implementation of GASB 68         -         (1,000,835)         -         -         -         -	Total revenues	4,725,792	4,225,229	3,530,801	2,910,162	8,256,593	7,135,391	
Public safety         1,622,998         1,421,199         -         -         1,622,998         1,421,199           Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118           Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -         -         16,745         21,910           Water and sewer         -         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132           Change in net position         683,862         547,849         667,421         349,410         1,351,283         897,259           Net position:         Beginning of year         14,331,898         14,784,884         12,574,804         12,225,394         26,906,702         27,010,278           Restatement for implementation of GASB 68         -         (1,000,835)         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -<	Expenses:							
Highway and streets         1,009,360         1,025,330         -         -         1,009,360         1,025,330           Recreation and culture         201,956         242,118         -         -         201,956         242,118           Interest on long-term debt         16,745         21,910         -         -         16,745         21,910           Water and sewer         -         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132           Change in net position         683,862         547,849         667,421         349,410         1,351,283         897,259           Net position:         Beginning of year         14,331,898         14,784,884         12,574,804         12,225,394         26,906,702         27,010,278           Restatement for implementation of GASB 68         -         (1,000,835)         -         -         -         -         (1,000,835)	_	1,190,871	966,823	-	-	1,190,871	966,823	
Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt Interest In	Public safety	1,622,998	1,421,199	-	-	1,622,998	1,421,199	
Interest on long-term debt Water and sewer	Highway and streets	1,009,360	1,025,330	-	-	1,009,360	1,025,330	
Water and sewer         -         2,863,380         2,560,752         2,863,380         2,560,752           Total expenses         4,041,930         3,677,380         2,863,380         2,560,752         6,905,310         6,238,132           Change in net position         683,862         547,849         667,421         349,410         1,351,283         897,259           Net position:         8eginning of year         14,331,898         14,784,884         12,574,804         12,225,394         26,906,702         27,010,278           Restatement for implementation of GASB 68         -         (1,000,835)         -         -         -         (1,000,835)	Recreation and culture	201,956	242,118	-	-	201,956	242,118	
Total expenses 4,041,930 3,677,380 2,863,380 2,560,752 6,905,310 6,238,132  Change in net position 683,862 547,849 667,421 349,410 1,351,283 897,259  Net position: Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278 Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	Interest on long-term debt	16,745	21,910	-	-	16,745	21,910	
Change in net position 683,862 547,849 667,421 349,410 1,351,283 897,259  Net position:  Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278  Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	Water and sewer			2,863,380	2,560,752	2,863,380	2,560,752	
Net position:  Beginning of year 14,331,898 14,784,884 12,574,804 12,225,394 26,906,702 27,010,278  Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	Total expenses	4,041,930	3,677,380	2,863,380	2,560,752	6,905,310	6,238,132	
Beginning of year       14,331,898       14,784,884       12,574,804       12,225,394       26,906,702       27,010,278         Restatement for implementation of GASB 68       -       (1,000,835)       -       -       -       (1,000,835)	Change in net position	683,862	547,849	667,421	349,410	1,351,283	897,259	
Restatement for implementation of GASB 68 - (1,000,835) (1,000,835)	•							
		14,331,898	14,784,884	12,574,804	12,225,394	26,906,702	27,010,278	
End of year \$15,015,760 \$14,331,898 \$13,242,225 \$12,574,804 \$28,257,985 \$26,906,702	implementation of GASB 68		(1,000,835)					
	End of year	\$15,015,760	\$14,331,898	\$13,242,225	\$12,574,804	\$28,257,985	\$26,906,702	

The restatement noted above reflects the adjustments to the beginning net position of the governmental activities for the implementation of GASB Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* that was implemented in 2015.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$683,862, accounting for 50.6% of the total growth in the net position of the City. This represents a 4.8% increase in governmental activities net position and is primarily attributable to conservative spending.

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$667,421. This increase is primarily due to conservative spending.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,831,049, a decrease of \$11,113 from the prior year. Of the total fund balance, approximately 49.4% or \$904,619 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is divided into categories based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how amounts can be spent. Restricted fund balance of \$807,430 consists of items that can only be spent for specific purposes based on external resource providers or legislation. Funds included in this category are the major, local and municipal street funds, other special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects fund financed by bond proceeds. The City reports committed funds of \$100,000 for City Hall.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$1,130,975, of which \$3,000 was classified as nonspendable, \$123,356 was restricted for recreation and culture activities, \$100,000 was committed for renewal and replacement expenditures for City Hall and the remaining \$904,619 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total general fund revenues. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.2 percent of total general fund revenues and other financing sources. Total fund balance increased by \$142,161 during the current fiscal year, which was \$249,140 more than the planned use of fund balance as provided in the final budget.

The major, local, and municipal streets had total restricted fund balances of \$103,203, \$124,037, and \$190,224, respectively. Fund balance for the major streets fund decreased by \$55,186, local streets fund increased by \$24,297 while the fund balance for municipal streets decreased by \$150,789 which was invested into street improvements.

The capital projects fund had restricted fund balance of \$68,680. This fund is for new capital projects funded by the new bond issue.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the water and sewer enterprise fund at the end of the year amounted to \$632,718. The fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$622,212. This increase is primarily due to conservative spending, increase in user fees and capital investment.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final amended budgets for expenditures were relatively minor. Changes between original and final budget balances result from the carryover of certain budget appropriations under the City's budgetary policies and several supplemental appropriations.

For the year, general fund budgetary estimates for revenues and expenditures were greater than actual resulting in a net increase in fund balance that was \$249,140 more than anticipated in the final amended budget.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$36,482,587 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, improvements, buildings, system, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. Net capital assets for governmental activities increased 2.6%, and for business-type activities remained flat. Overall, total net capital assets for the City increased 1.0%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included infrastructure additions of over \$632,000 (primarily for street construction on Jenne Street) and buildings, equipment and systems additions of over \$664,000 (primarily for water and sewer construction on Jenne Street and East River Street).

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)						
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total		
	2016 2015		2016	2015	2016	2015	
Land	\$ 1,629,394	\$ 1,385,311	\$ 546,763	\$ 546,763	\$ 2,176,157	\$ 1,932,074	
Land improvements	1,530,787	1,594,711	24,958	30,690	1,555,745	1,625,401	
Buildings and systems	3,372,831	3,549,259	18,644,066	18,670,234	22,016,897	22,219,493	
Equipment	664,408	620,450	434,248	449,404	1,098,656	1,069,854	
Infrastructure	9,635,132	9,262,244			9,635,132	9,262,244	
Total capital assets, net	\$16,832,552	\$16,411,975	\$19,650,035	\$19,697,091	\$36,482,587	\$36,109,066	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$9,414,062. Of this amount, \$6,835,000 is comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources.

	General Obligation, Revenue Bonds and Capital Leases							
	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,280,000	\$ 2,510,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,280,000	\$ 2,510,000		
Revenue bonds Capital lease	-	-	2,579,062 4,555,000	2,734,062 5,010,000	2,579,062 4,555,000	2,734,062 5,010,000		
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,280,000	\$ 2,510,000	\$ 7,134,062	\$ 7,744,062	\$ 9,414,062	\$10,254,062		

The City's total debt decreased by \$840,000 during the current fiscal year.

The City's underlying credit rating for its general obligation unlimited tax bonds is currently A+ as rated by Standard & Poors on June 30, 2016.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total state equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$22,116,630, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$2,280,000 with approximately 57% of debt issuance remaining.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates** 

- 3 percent growth in state shared revenue.
- · Limited growth in total controlled revenues.
- Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to national indices.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund increased by \$100,198 to \$904,619.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Finance Director, 310 Greenwood, Grand Ledge, Michigan 48837-1651.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Р			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets	ć 2.200.070	Č 25/ 405	¢ 2.727.454	ć (24.0 <del>7</del> 2
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 2,380,969 321,211	\$ 356,185 834,041	\$ 2,737,154 1,155,252	\$ 631,073 161
Internal balances	86,869	(86,869)	1,133,232	-
Prepaid items and other assets	55,668	(00,007)	55,668	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,629,394	546,763	2,176,157	2,881,402
Capital assets being depreciated, net	15,203,158	19,103,272	34,306,430	2,356,762
Total assets	19,677,269	20,753,392	40,430,661	5,869,398
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	-	178,117	178,117	22,061
Deferred pension amounts	348,024		348,024	
Total deferred outflows of resources	348,024	178,117	526,141	22,061
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	630,220	73,033	703,253	11,407
Accrued interest payable Long-term liabilities:	10,447	39,871	50,318	11,807
Due within one year	133,367	640,604	773,971	235,000
Due in more than one year	2,309,120	6,757,928	9,067,048	1,751,657
Other noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability	1,461,437	-	1,461,437	_
Net other postemployment	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1, 101, 101	
benefit obligation	457,262	177,848	635,110	
Total liabilities	5,001,853	7,689,284	12,691,137	2,009,871
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	7,680		7,680	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	14,578,172	12,517,988	27,096,160	3,251,507
Highways and streets	417,464	-	417,464	-
Public safety	11,830	-	11,830	-
Recreation and culture	161,214	-	161,214	-
Airport development	147,322	-	147,322	-
Debt service	-	-	-	7,285
Capital projects	68,680	- 724 227	68,680	276,374
Unrestricted (deficit)	(368,922)	724,237	355,315	346,422
Total net position	\$ 15,015,760	\$ 13,242,225	\$ 28,257,985	\$ 3,881,588

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Program Revenues					
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges or Services	Gr	perating rants and ntributions	Gı	Capital rants and ntributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Primary government Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,190,871	\$ 547,545	\$	116,223	\$	-	\$ (527,103)
Public safety	1,622,998	48,959		4,227		-	(1,569,812)
Highways and streets	1,009,360	27,978		626,342		-	(355,040)
Recreation and cultural	201,956	27,675		17,000		148,883	(8,398)
Interest on long-term debt	 16,745	-		-		-	 (16,745)
Total governmental activities	4,041,930	652,157		763,792		148,883	(2,477,098)
Business-type activities -							
Water and sewer	 2,863,380	 3,377,170		<del>-</del>		105,705	 619,495
Total primary government	\$ 6,905,310	\$ 4,029,327	\$	763,792	\$	254,588	\$ (1,857,603)
Component units							
Economic development	\$ 574,156	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (574,156)

continued...

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Primary Government							
		vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total		Component Units	
Changes in net position								
Net revenue (expense)	\$	(2,477,098)	\$	619,495	\$	(1,857,603)	\$	(574,156)
General revenues:								
Property taxes		2,410,013		-		2,410,013		659,248
Grants and contributions not								
restricted to specific programs		708,427		=		708,427		81,572
Sale of capital assets		15,282		-		15,282		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		27,238		47,926		75,164		4,058
Total general revenues		3,160,960		47,926		3,208,886		744,878
Change in net position		683,862		667,421		1,351,283		170,722
Net position, beginning of year		14,331,898		12,574,804		26,906,702		3,710,866
Net position, end of year	\$	15,015,760	\$	13,242,225	\$	28,257,985	\$	3,881,588

concluded.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

A	General	Major Streets	Local Streets
Assets	<b>^</b> 4404 450	ć 5.550	<b>.</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,121,658	\$ 5,258	\$ 104,259
Receivables:	F 404		
Taxes	5,486	-	-
Special assessments	-	<del>-</del>	-
Accounts	47,494	116	116
Due from other funds	-	402.200	-
Due from other governments	115,939	103,390	23,359
Prepaid items	3,000		
Total assets	\$ 1,293,577	\$ 108,764	\$ 127,734
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 91,273	\$ 2,474	\$ 929
Accrued liabilities	52,025	3,087	2,768
Due to other funds	13,818	, -	, -
Total liabilities	157,116	5,561	3,697
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	5,486	-	-
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,486		
Fund balances			
Nonspendable	3,000	-	-
Restricted for:	,		
Highways and streets	-	103,203	124,037
Public safety	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	123,356	-	-
Airport development	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	-	-
Committed for City Hall	100,000	-	-
Unassigned	904,619		
Total fund balances	1,130,975	103,203	124,037
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,293,577	\$ 108,764	\$ 127,734

		Other	Totals
Municipal	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Streets	Projects	Funds	Funds
ć 452.25 <del>7</del>	Ć 03.400	ć 202.242	Ć 4.040.003
\$ 453,357	\$ 83,109	\$ 202,262	\$ 1,969,903
1,646	_	548	7,680
16,409	-	3 <del>-10</del>	16,409
-	-	6,389	54,115
=	428,388	-	428,388
-	-	-	242,688
		16,000	19,000
\$ 471,412	\$ 511,497	\$ 225,199	\$ 2,738,183
\$ 8,751	\$ 347,017	\$ 5,152	\$ 455,596
4,382	95,800	5,569	163,631
250,000	-	, <u>-</u>	263,818
263,133	442,817	10,721	883,045
1,646	-	548	7,680
16,409			16,409
19.055		548	24 080
18,055			24,089
-	-	16,000	19,000
		•	•
190,224		-	417,464
-	-	11,830	11,830
-	-	37,858	161,214
-	-	147,322	147,322
-	-	920	920
-	68,680	-	68,680
-	-	-	100,000
·			904,619
190,224	68,680	213,930	1,831,049
			.,55.,517
\$ 471,412	\$ 511,497	\$ 225,199	\$ 2,738,183

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### Reconciliation

Fund Balances for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2016

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,831,049

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets 22,534,709
Accumulated depreciation (6,021,521)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage and employee benefits to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service fund

672,098

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current expenditures. Those assets are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds and, therefore, not included in fund balance.

Deferred special assessments

16,409

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and purchase agreements payable	(2,280,000)
Unamortized discount on bonds	25,620
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(10,447)
Compensated absences	(181 482)

Certain pension-related amounts, such as the net pension liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(1,461,437)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	348,024
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	(457,262)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 15,015,760

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General	Major Streets	Local Streets
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 1,557,300	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	287,237	-	-
Intergovernmental	889,985	471,805	142,037
Charges for services	7,538	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	18,952	-	-
Investment income	5,600	2,327	3,932
Other	 301,405	 3,944	24,034
Total revenues	 3,068,017	 478,076	170,003
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	700,894	-	-
Public safety	1,602,943	-	-
Highway and streets	-	334,998	458,295
Recreation and culture	261,302	-	-
Capital outlay	-	323,107	128,349
Debt service:			
Principal	85,000	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 55,675	 <u> </u>	-
Total expenditures	2,705,814	 658,105	 586,644
Revenue over (under) expenditures	 362,203	 (180,029)	 (416,641)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	29,958	124,843	440,938
Transfers out	 (250,000)	 <u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(220,042)	124,843	440,938
Net changes in fund balances	142,161	(55,186)	24,297
Fund balances, beginning of year	988,814	 158,389	 99,740
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,130,975	\$ 103,203	\$ 124,037

Municipal Streets	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
\$ 709,401	\$ -	\$ 146,497	\$ 2,413,198
-	-	-	287,237
-	-	15,054	1,518,881
-	-	84,084	91,622
-	-	-	18,952
3,282	-	6,250	21,391
12,500		14,684	356,567
725,183		266,569	4,707,848
-	-	75,929	776,823
-	-	2,847	1,605,790
185,871	-	· -	979,164
-	-	156,658	417,960
-	181,320	6,095	638,871
-	-	145,000	230,000
		14,678	70,353
185,871	181,320	401,207	4,718,961
539,312	(181,320)	(134,638)	(11,113)
250,000	250,000	147,128	1,242,867
(940,101)		(52,766)	(1,242,867)
(690,101)	250,000	94,362	
(150,789)	68,680	(40,276)	(11,113)
341,013		254,206	1,842,162
\$ 190,224	\$ 68,680	\$ 213,930	\$ 1,831,049

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# Reconciliation Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances -	total governmental funds	\$	(11,113)
not onlinge in runa balances	total govorrimontal ramas	7	( , ,

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	987,054
Depreciation expense	(506,609)
Loss on sale of capital asset	(67,598)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on long-term liabilities 230,000

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage and employee benefits to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The net revenue (expense) attributable to those funds is reported with governmental and business-type activities.

Net operating income from governmental activities in internal service funds	158,605
Investment income from governmental internal service funds	5,847
Gain on sale of capital assets in internal service fund	15,282

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to subsequent fiscal years.

Change in deferred special assessments (3,185)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

and the contract of the contra	
Change in accrued interest payable on bonds	702
Change in amortization of bond discounts	(2,769)
Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts	(80,934)
Change in other postemployment benefit obligation	(54,459)
Change in the accrual for compensated absences	13,039

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 683,862

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Dougnuss		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Ove	Actual r (Under) al Budget
Revenues	ċ	1 541 645	ċ	1 541 645	ċ	1 EE7 200	ċ	15 /55
Taxes	\$	1,541,645 190,980	\$	1,541,645 270,980	\$	1,557,300 287,237	\$	15,655
Licenses and permits		752,067		920,359		889,985		16,257 (30,374)
Intergovernmental Charges for services		8,350		8,350		7,538		(30,374)
Fines and forfeitures		20,000		20,000		18,952		(1,048)
Investment income		3,000		3,000		5,600		2,600
Other				229,090		· ·		
Other		189,615		229,090		301,405		72,315
Total revenues		2,705,657		2,993,424		3,068,017		74,593
Expenditures								
General government:								
Legislative		9,766		9,766		7,715		(2,051)
City administrator		198,072		200,706		187,327		(13,379)
Elections		17,100		17,100		7,967		(9,133)
Assessing		63,001		63,001		63,229		228
Attorney		25,000		25,000		23,309		(1,691)
City clerk		105,073		105,073		103,443		(1,630)
Finance		208,215		209,835		201,924		(7,911)
City hall		128,102		163,457		156,999		(6,458)
Recycling		27,745		27,745		23,213		(4,532)
Economic development		80,000		111,500		111,498		(2)
Other		318,372		337,497		284,117		(53,380)
Less reimbursements		(469,847)		(469,847)		(469,847)		-
Total general government		710,599		800,833		700,894		(99,939)
Public safety:								
Police		1,386,266		1,408,241		1,397,662		(10,579)
Building inspection		96,300		176,300		164,247		(12,053)
Zoning		31,680		43,680		41,034		(2,646)
Total public safety		1,514,246		1,628,221		1,602,943		(25,278)
Recreation and culture		-		310,632		261,302		(49,330)
Debt service:								
Principal		85,000		85,000		85,000		-
Interest		55,425		55,675		55,675		
Total expenditures		2,365,270		2,880,361		2,705,814		(174,547)
Revenues over expenditures		340,387		113,063		362,203		249,140

continued...

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(250,000)	\$	29,958 (250,000)	\$	29,958 (250,000)	\$	- -
Total other financing sources (uses)		(250,000)		(220,042)		(220,042)		-
Net change in fund balance		90,387		(106,979)		142,161		249,140
Fund balance, beginning of year		988,814		988,814		988,814		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,079,201	\$	881,835	\$	1,130,975	\$	249,140

concluded.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Major Streets Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ctual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Investment income Other	\$ 384,902 - 4,650	\$ 458,942 - 4,650	\$ 471,805 2,327 3,944	\$ 12,863 2,327 (706)
Total revenues	389,552	 463,592	 478,076	 14,484
Expenditures Highways and streets Capital outlay	 386,043 253,700	387,205 327,498	334,998 323,107	 (52,207) (4,391)
Total expenditures	639,743	714,703	 658,105	 (56,598)
Revenues under expenditures	(250,191)	(251,111)	(180,029)	71,082
Other financing sources Transfers in	 124,843	124,843	 124,843	 <u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(125,348)	(126,268)	(55,186)	71,082
Fund balance, beginning of year	158,389	158,389	 158,389	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 33,041	\$ 32,121	\$ 103,203	\$ 71,082

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Local Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	135,337	\$	135,337	\$	142,037	\$	6,700
Investment income		4,750		4,750		3,932		(818)
Other		1,000		1,000		24,034		23,034
Total revenues		141,087		141,087		170,003		28,916
Expenditures Highways and streets		489,418		489,418		458,295		(31,123)
Capital outlay		101,250		108,150		128,349		20,199
cupical outlay		101,230	_	100,130		120,547		20,177
Total expenditures		590,668		597,568		586,644		(10,924)
Revenues under expenditures		(449,581)		(456,481)		(416,641)		39,840
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		440,938		440,938		440,938		_
		110,700		1.10,700		1.10,700		
Net change in fund balance		(8,643)		(15,543)		24,297		39,840
Fund balance, beginning of year		99,740		99,740		99,740		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	91,097	\$	84,197	\$	124,037	\$	39,840

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Municipal Streets Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 663,995	\$	663,995	\$	709,401	\$	45,406
Investment income	2,200		2,200		3,282		1,082
Other	 11,200		11,200		12,500		1,300
Total revenues	677,395		677,395		725,183		47,788
Expenditures							
Highways and streets	192,204		192,204		185,871		(6,333)
Revenues over expenditures	 485,191		485,191		539,312		54,121
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	250,000		250,000		250,000		_
Transfers out	(690,101)		(940,101)		(940,101)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(440,101)		(690,101)		(690,101)		
Net change in fund balance	45,090		(204,910)		(150,789)		54,121
Fund balance, beginning of year	 341,013		341,013		341,013		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 386,103	\$	136,103	\$	190,224	\$	54,121

## Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities  Internal Service Funds	
	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund		
Assets	Enterprise Fund	service rulius	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 356,185	\$ 411,066	
Accounts receivable	770,999	319	
Special assessments receivable	6,000	-	
Due from other funds	· -	13,818	
Prepaid items	-	36,668	
Total current assets	1,133,184	461,871	
Noncurrent assets:			
Special assessments receivable	57,042	-	
Capital assets, net	19,650,035	319,364	
Total noncurrent assets	19,707,077	319,364	
Total assets	20,840,261	781,235	
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	178,117		
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	36,681	2,031	
Accrued liabilities	36,352	8,962	
Due to other funds	178,388	-	
Accrued interest payable	39,871	-	
Accrued compensated absences, current portion	10,604	795	
Bonds and leases payable, current portion	630,000	-	
Total current liabilities	931,896	11,788	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences, net of current portion	77,764	5,830	
Bonds and leases payable, net of current portion	6,680,164	5,050	
Other postemployment benefit obligation	177,848	_	
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,935,776	5,830	
rotat nonearrent trabitities	0,733,770	3,030	
Total liabilities	7,867,672	17,618	
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	12,517,988	319,364	
Unrestricted	632,718	444,253	
Total net position	\$ 13,150,706	\$ 763,617	

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### Reconciliation

Net Position of Enterprise Funds to Net Position of Business-type Activities June 30, 2016

Net position - enterprise fund

\$ 13,150,706

Amounts reported for *business-type activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are allocated to governmental and business-type activities.

Cumulative portion of internal service fund net income attributed to business-type activities

91,519

Net position of business-type activities

\$ 13,242,225

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities Water and		Governmental Activities		
		Sewer		Internal	
	Ent	<b>Enterprise Fund</b>		vice Funds	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services:					
Water operations	\$	1,545,259	\$	-	
Sewer operations		1,831,911		-	
Internal operations		-		1,108,922	
Other revenue		-		473	
Total operating revenues		3,377,170		1,109,395	
Operating expenses					
Personnel		899,519		761,355	
Repair and maintenance		311,800		56,701	
Utilities		212,082		3,919	
Other		721,902		39,745	
Depreciation		575,796		43,861	
Total operating expenses		2,721,099		905,581	
Operating income		656,071		203,814	
Nonoperating revenue (expense)					
Intergovernmental		105,705		-	
Investment income		47,926		5,847	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		15,282	
Interest expense		(187,490)		-	
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(33,859)		21,129	
Income before transfers		622,212		224,943	
Net position, beginning of year		12,528,494		538,674	
Net position, end of year	\$	13,150,706	\$	763,617	

Change in net position of business-type activities

# Reconciliation Change in Net Position of Enterprise Funds to Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Change in net position - enterprise fund \$ 622,212 Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because: Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual governmental and enterprise funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is allocated to governmental and and business-type activities.

45,209

667,421

Operating income from internal service fund related to enterprise fund

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities		Governmenta Activities	
	V	Vater and		
		Sewer	l	Internal
	Ente	erprise Fund	Ser	vice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	3,169,377	\$	-
Cash received from interfund services		-		1,095,104
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,259,018)		(738,233)
Cash payments to employees		(589,761)		(117,598)
Cash payments for interfund services		(89,250)		
		_		_
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,231,348		239,273
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition of capital assets		(528,739)		(51,590)
Long-term debt principal payments		(610,000)		-
Interest payments on long-term debt		(189,701)		_
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		15,282
The second with the second sec				.0,202
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,222,735)		(36,308)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest on investments		47,926		5,847
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		56,539		208,812
not onlinge in cash and cash equivalents		30,339		200,012
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		299,646		202,254
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	Ś	356,185	Ś	411,066
1	<u> </u>		1	, = = =

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# Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities			ernmental ctivities
	Water and			
	Sewer		Internal	
	Ente	erprise Fund	Serv	ice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Operating income	\$	656,071	\$	203,814
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		575,796		43,861
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		(144,751)		1,777
Prepaid items		-		2,110
Special assessments receivable		(63,042)		-
Due from other funds		-		(13,818)
Accounts payable		(13,234)		(2,056)
Accrued liabilities		6,050		2,644
Due to other funds		178,388		-
Accrued compensated absences		15,437		941
Other postemployment benefit obligation		20,633		
		_		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,231,348	\$	239,273

concluded.

# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds June 30, 2016

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	12,509
Liabilities		
Undistributed receipts	\$	12,509

# Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units

June 30, 2016

	Downtown Development Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 456,479	\$ 174,594	\$ 631,073
Capital assets not being depreciated	480,331	2,401,071	2,881,402
Capital assets being depreciated, net	2,356,762		2,356,762
Total assets	3,293,733	2,575,665	5,869,398
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	22,061		22,061
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9,718	1,689	11,407
Accrued interest payable	9,768	2,039	11,807
Long-term liabilities:	,	,	,
Due within one year	205,000	30,000	235,000
Due in more than one year	1,536,657	215,000	1,751,657
Total liabilities	1,761,143	248,728	2,009,871
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	1,095,436	2,156,071	3,251,507
Restricted for debt service	7,285	-	7,285
Restricted for capital projects	276,374	-	276,374
Unrestricted	175,556	170,866	346,422
Total net position	\$ 1,554,651	\$ 2,326,937	\$ 3,881,588

# Combining Statement of Activities Component Units

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Downtown Development Authority		Local Development Finance Authority		Total
Expenses					
Economic development	\$	383,378	\$	105,782	\$ 489,160
Interest on long-term debt		71,036		13,960	 84,996
Total expenses		454,414		119,742	574,156
General revenues					
Property taxes		648,600		10,648	659,248
Grants and contributions not					
restricted to specific programs		1,572		80,000	81,572
Unrestricted investment earnings		3,935		123	 4,058
Total general revenues		654,107		90,771	744,878
Total general revenues		034,107		70,771	 744,076
Change in net position		199,693		(28,971)	170,722
Net position, beginning of year		1,354,958		2,355,908	 3,710,866
Net position, end of year	\$	1,554,651	\$	2,326,937	\$ 3,881,588

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Ledge, Michigan is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member council and administered by an appointed City Administrator. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. The government has no blended component units; the discretely presented component units have June 30 year-ends.

# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was established under Public Act 197 of 1975 to revitalize and plan for controlled development of the downtown business district. The government's council appoints the members of the DDA's governing board. The DDA is also fiscally dependent upon the City because the government's council approves the DDA's budget and any debt issuances. Financial statements for the DDA are included herein as supplementary information.

The City of Grand Ledge Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA) was established under Public Act 281 of 1986 to preserve and promote the continued growth of the City and the LDFA district. The government's council appoints the members of the LDFA's governing board. The LDFA is also fiscally dependent upon the City because the government's council approves the LDFA's budget and any debt issuances. The activities of the LDFA are accounted for in a single fund; accordingly, separate financial statements are not issued for it.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds, which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for reimbursement-based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *major streets fund* is used to finance the maintenance and construction of the City's major thorough-fares.

The *local streets fund* is used to finance the maintenance and construction of the City's minor thorough-fares.

The *municipal streets fund* is used to account for revenues from a special tax assessed for street and sidewalk maintenance.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water and sewer enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the government's water distribution and sewage treatment system.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

*Special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

*Debt service funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

*Internal service funds* account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. This includes equipment management and employee medical management services.

Agency funds account for assets held for other governments in an agency capacity.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognizes as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Restricted net position are assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the government's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# Notes to Financial Statements

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Equity

# Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

State statutes authorize the government to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

Investments, if any, are reported at fair value.

# Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either interfund receivables/payables (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

# Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

# Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

# Notes to Financial Statements

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and plant	20-40
Public domain infrastructure	25-50
System infrastructure	50
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	3-15

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources for change in expected and actual investment returns, assumptions, and benefits provided in its pension plans as well as for the deferred loss on refunding. A deferred refunding loss results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

# Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit eligible employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees are allowed to accumulate an unlimited amount of sick leave, which is paid only upon illness while in the employ of the City or upon retirement. Payment for sick leave upon retirement is capped at \$2,500 to \$7,500. Earned vacation time may be accumulated for up to two years. Employees are only paid for unused vacation at the time of termination. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures when incurred.

# Notes to Financial Statements

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds also report unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### Fund Balances

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. A formal resolution of the City Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City has no assigned fund balance as the City Council has not yet given authority for the making of such assignments; assigned fund balances are neither restricted nor committed. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the government incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed, assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

# Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies or advances are determined by the City. Balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due to/from other funds. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are used to record charges for services to all City departments and funds as transfers or operating revenue. All City funds record these payments to the internal service funds as transfers or operating expenditures/expenses.

# Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Prior to the first regular Council meeting in April, the budget officer submits to the Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. A public hearing is then conducted to obtain citizen comments. No later than the first Council meeting in June, the budget is required to be legally enacted through passage of a resolution.

The budget for the general fund is adopted at the department level; all other budgets are adopted on a fund level. Certain supplemental budgetary appropriations were made during the year, which were not considered material. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control for the general fund - assessing in the amount of \$228.

# 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position and statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities to deposits and investments as classified for note disclosure purposes is as follows:

		Primary overnment	Component Units		
Cash and cash equivalents Statement of net position Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities		2,737,154 12,509	\$	631,073	
	\$	2,749,663	\$	631,073	
Deposits and investments Bank deposits Cash on hand	\$	2,749,113 550	\$	631,073	
Total	\$	2,749,663	\$	631,073	

At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits for the City and component units was \$2,749,113 and \$631,073, respectively. The combined bank balance was \$3,460,021. Of the bank balance, \$2,960,021 was uninsured and uncollateralized, and therefore exposed to custodial credit risk.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the government evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits government funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

At year-end, neither the City nor its component units had any investments. The City's investment policies conform to State guidelines.

# 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the governmental activities are 76 percent due from other governments and 24 percent other receivables. Business-type activities receivables are 92 percent due from customers and 8% other receivables.

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 1,385,311	\$ 263,375	\$ (19,292)	\$ 1,629,394
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,404,023	7,222	-	2,411,245
Buildings	5,078,619	2,800	(415,925)	4,665,494
Equipment	1,591,345	132,471	(52,229)	1,671,587
Infrastructure	12,542,970	632,777	-	13,175,747
Total capital assets being depreciated	21,616,957	775,270	(468,154)	21,924,073
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(809,312)	(71,146)	-	(880,458)
Buildings	(1,529,360)	(134,060)	370,757	(1,292,663)
Equipment	(970,895)	(85,375)	49,091	(1,007,179)
Infrastructure	(3,280,726)	(259,889)	-	(3,540,615)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,590,293)	(550,470)	419,848	(6,720,915)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	15,026,664	224,800	(48,306)	15,203,158
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 16,411,975	\$ 488,175	\$ (67,598)	\$ 16,832,552

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities  Capital assets not being depreciated -				
Land	\$ 546,763	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 546,763
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	47,876	-	-	47,876
Buildings and systems	28,722,884	500,240	-	29,223,124
Equipment	804,075	28,500	-	832,575
Total capital assets being depreciated	29,574,835	528,740	-	30,103,575
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(17,186)	(5,732)	-	(22,918)
Building and systems	(10,052,650)		-	(10,579,058)
Equipment	(354,671)	(43,656)	-	(398, 327)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,424,507)	(575,796)	-	(11,000,303)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	19,150,328	(47,056)		19,103,272
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 19,697,091	\$ (47,056)	\$ -	\$ 19,650,035

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	156,786
Public safety		18,014
Highways and streets, including depreciation of		
general infrastructure assets		279,994
Recreation and cultural		51,815
Capital assets held by the government's internal		
service funds are charged to the various functior		
based on their usage of the assets		43,861
Total depreciation expense - governmental		
activities	\$	550,470
Pusiness type activities		
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	ċ	575 704
water and sewer	ې	575,796

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# **Component Units**

Capital assets activity for the discretely presented component units for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Disposals		Ending Balance	
Downtown Development Authority								
Capital assets not being depreciated -								
Land	\$	480,331	\$		\$		\$	480,331
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		3,512,062		-		-		3,512,062
Buildings		38,678		-		-		38,678
Equipment		32,244		23,949		-		56,193
Total capital assets, being depreciated		3,582,984		23,949		-		3,606,933
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(1,089,885)		(140,483)		-		(1,230,368)
Buildings		(11,604)		(1,934)		-		(13,538)
Equipment		(2,580)		(3,685)		-		(6,265)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,104,069)		(146,102)		-		(1,250,171)
Total capital assets								
being depreciated, net		2,478,915		(122,153)				2,356,762
DDA capital assets, net	\$	2,959,246	\$	(122,153)	\$	-	\$	2,837,093
Local Development Finance Authority Capital assets, not being depreciated -								
Land	\$	2,610,375	\$		\$	(209,304)	\$	2,401,071

# 6. PAYABLES

Payables in the governmental activities are 73 percent vendors and 27 percent payroll and deposits. Business-type activities payables are 50 percent vendors and 50 percent payroll and deposits.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2016, amounts due from and due to other funds were as follows:

	Payable Funds									
Receivable Funds	General Fund		Municipal Street		ater and wer Fund		Totals			
Capital projects Internal service	\$ - 13,818	\$	250,000	\$	178,388 -	\$	428,388 13,818			
	\$ 13,818	\$	250,000	\$	178,388	\$	442,206			

The City has interfund balances between its funds. The sum of all balances presented in the tables above agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the statements of net position/balance sheet for governmental funds and proprietary funds. These interfund balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers Out							
Transfers In	General	Municipal Street			Nonmajor vernmental	Totals		
General Major street Local street Municipal street	\$ - - - 250,000	\$	- 124,843 440,938 -	\$	29,958 - - -	\$	29,958 124,843 440,938 250,000	
Capital projects Nonmajor governmental	-		250,000 124,320		22,808		250,000 147,128	
	\$ 250,000	\$	940,101	\$	52,766	\$	1,242,867	

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

# 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds. The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities as well as the component units. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued in prior years for the governmental activities debt listed below was \$3,815,000.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds are issued as 10 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental activities: 2002 bridge improvement 2013 capital improvement	4.1-6.0% 1.0-3.25%	\$ 165,000 2,115,000
		\$ 2,280,000
	Interest	
	Rates	Amount
Component units: DDA		
2010 GO bonds	2.25-4.0%	\$ 1,350,000
2011 Refunding bonds	2.72%	410,000
LDFA		
2002 capital improvements	5.0-7.0%	245,000
		\$ 2,005,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Government	al A	ctivities	Component Units				
Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026 2027-2031 2032-2034	\$ 110,000 115,000 115,000 125,000 130,000 585,000 650,000 450,000	\$	62,683 60,607 58,412 56,025 53,070 219,173 137,201 29,575	\$	235,000 240,000 255,000 260,000 270,000 745,000	\$	70,927 63,706 55,922 47,526 38,575 70,948	
2002 2001	\$ 2,280,000	\$	676,746	\$	2,005,000	\$	347,604	

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Revenue Bonds.* The government also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds outstanding at year-end are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities -		
2010 DWRF bonds	2.5%	\$ 2,579,062

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026 2027-2030	\$ 160,000 160,000 165,000 170,000 175,000 935,000 814,062	\$	64,476 60,476 56,476 52,352 48,102 172,508 51,656	
	\$ 2,579,062	\$	506,046	

Capital Lease. During fiscal 2005, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Eaton County for \$7,975,000 pursuant to the issuance of revenue and refunding bonds on behalf of the City by the County. The government pledges income derived from its water and sewer operations to pay debt service. Upon retirement of the underlying bonded debt, title to the capital assets will pass from the County to the City.

	Interest Rates	Amount
Business-type activities: 2014 Eaton County revenue/		
refunding bond	2.0-2.375%	\$ 4,555,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

	Business-type Activities					
Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest				
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2025	\$ 470,000 480,000 485,000 495,000 505,000 2,120,000	\$	95,006 85,606 76,006 66,306 56,406 120,238			
	\$ 4,555,000	\$	499,568			

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

	Beginning Balance	Д	additions	De	eductions	Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Primary Government Governmental Activities: General obligation bonds Compensated absences Deduct deferred amounts	\$ 2,510,000 200,205	\$	- 206,211	\$	230,000 218,309	\$ 2,280,000 188,107	\$	110,000 23,367
for bond discount	 (28,389)		-		(2,769)	 (25,620)		<u>-</u>
	\$ 2,681,816	\$	206,211	\$	445,540	\$ 2,442,487	\$	133,367
Business-type Activities:								
Revenue bonds Capital leases Compensated absences	\$ 2,734,062 5,010,000 72,931	\$	- - 75,119	\$	155,000 455,000 59,682	\$ 2,579,062 4,555,000 88,368	\$	160,000 470,000 10,604
Add deferred amounts for bond premium	194,933		-		18,831	176,102		
	\$ 8,011,926	\$	75,119	\$	688,513	\$ 7,398,532	\$	640,604
Component Units DDA:								
General obligation bonds Purchase agreements Deduct deferred amounts for:	\$ 1,960,000 56,153	\$	-	\$	200,000 56,153	\$ 1,760,000	\$	205,000
Bond discount	(20,401)		-		(2,058)	 (18,343)		
	\$ 1,995,752	\$	-	\$	254,095	\$ 1,741,657	\$	205,000
LDFA -								
General obligation bonds	\$ 295,000	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$ 245,000	\$	30,000

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the City carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of losses. The City has had no settled claims from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 10. PROPERTY TAXES

The government's property taxes are levied each August 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through October 1; as of March 1 of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Eaton County.

Assessed values as established annually by the government, and subject to acceptance by the County, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. The 2015 taxable value of real and personal property in the City totaled \$204,680,132 (not including properties subject to Industrial Facilities Tax exemption). The government's general operating tax rate for fiscal year 2015-16 was 8.0650 mills, with an additional 2.4193 mills for municipal streets and 0.8062 mills for recreation.

Property taxes for the DDA are derived from a tax increment financing agreement between the DDA and other related taxing districts. Under this arrangement, the DDA receives those property taxes levied on the increment of current taxable valuations (determined as of the preceding December 31, the lien date) over base year assessed valuations on certain property located in the City of Grand Ledge, which are within the DDA district. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

# 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the "Plan") that provides health insurance benefits to certain retirees and, in some cases, their beneficiaries, which are advance-funded on a discretionary basis. In accordance with City policy, eligible retirees and certain spouses receive healthcare benefits at 50 percent coverage of the premiums. As of June 30, 2016, the date of the latest valuation, the Plan covered 38 members (35 active plan members and 3 retirees receiving benefits). Of the active plan members, certain individuals are currently opting-out of health insurance coverage and may continue to do so upon retirement. This variable has not been considered in estimating the liability.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$11,778 to the Plan. Retirees receiving benefits contributed \$11,778 or 50 percent of the total premiums through their required contribution.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The City has elected to calculate the ARC and related information using the alternative measurement method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than 100 total plan members. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Net OPEB cost 86,870	Annual required contribution	\$ 96,278
Net OPEB cost 86,870 Contributions made (11,778)	Interest on net OPEB obligation	11,200
Contributions made (11,778)	Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (20,608)
Contributions made (11,778)		
	Net OPEB cost	86,870
Increase in net OPEB obligation 75,092	Contributions made	(11,778)
Increase in net OPEB obligation 75,092		
	Increase in net OPEB obligation	75,092
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year 560,018	Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	560,018
Net OPEB obligation, end of year \$ 635,110	Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 635,110

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2016 and the prior two years were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Anı	nual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	et OPEB oligation
2014 2015 2016	\$	99,986 91,935 86,870	13% 13% 14%	\$ 479,901 560,018 635,110

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$988,347 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of the active employees covered by the Plan) was \$1,858,758 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 53.2 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits calculations.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement Age For Active Employees - Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 57.

*Marital Status* - Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement.

*Mortality* - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National Center for Health Statistics; the 2006 United States Life Tables for Males and for Females were used.

*Turnover* - Non-group-specific age-based turnover data from GASB Statement 45 were used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of benefits to be paid.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - The expected rate of increase in healthcare costs was based on projections by the City's management. A rate of 8.0 percent was used.

Health Insurance Premiums - 2014 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

*Inflation Rate* - The expected long-term inflation assumption of 3.0 percent was based on the U.S. Department of Labor Consumer Price Index average annual increase over the last 30 years.

Payroll Growth Rate - The expected long-term payroll growth rate was assumed to equal the rate of inflation.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the City's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 2.0 percent was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016, was 30 years.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 12. PENSION PLAN - AGENT MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PLAN

#### General Information About the Plan

Plan Description. The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided. Pension benefits are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 5 year period) and multipliers ranging from 1.5% to 2.5%. Participants are considered to be fully vested in the plan after 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at age 50 with 25 years of service. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Currently, member contributions range from 0% to 9.4%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2016, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active employees	10
Total membership	17

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contributions are \$6,126 per month, or 4.94% of annual payroll, depending on division/bargaining unit.

*Net Pension Liability.* The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	4.5% in the long-term (2% and 2.5% for calendar
	years 2016 and 2017, respectively)
Investment rate of return	8.25%, net of investment expense and including
	inflation

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Global equity Global fixed income Real assets Diversifying strategies	57.50% 20.00% 12.50% 10.00%	5.02% 2.18% 4.23% 6.56%	2.89% 0.44% 0.53% 0.65%
Inflation Administrative expenses netted above	100.00%		3.25% 0.50%
Investment rate of return			8.25%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)			n Fiduciary et Position (b)	N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$	2,819,599	\$	1,726,989	\$	1,092,610
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		43,614		-		43,614
Interest		227,146		-		227,146
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		38,397		-		38,397
Changes in assumptions		141,091		-		141,091
Employer contributions		-		75,653		(75,653)
Employee contributions		-		34,472		(34,472)
Net investment income (loss)		-		(24,979)		24,979
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(176,252)		(176,252)		-
Administrative expense		-		(3,725)		3,725
Net changes		273,996		(94,831)		368,827
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$	3,093,595	\$	1,632,158	\$	1,461,437

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (7.25%) or 1% higher (9.25%) than the current rate:

	6 Decrease (7.25%)	Dis	Current scount Rate (8.25%)	19	% Increase (9.25%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 1,827,250	\$	1,461,437	\$	1,154,333

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial statements.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$163,247. The City reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	31,997 117,576
on pension plan investments		156,184 305,757
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		42,267
Total	\$	348,024

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 68,961 68,961 68,961 68,961
2021	29,913
Total	\$ 305,757

*Payable to the Pension Plan.* At June 30, 2016, there were no amounts outstanding by the City for contributions to the pension plan required for the year then ended.

# 13. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City of Grand Ledge Group Pension Plan is a defined contribution pension plan established by the City and administered by an insurance company to provide retirement benefits to all participating full-time employees of the City. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. Employees may contribute up to 15% of their gross earnings to the plan. The City is required to contribute 5% of employee gross earnings and to match 100% of the first 5% and 50% of the next 10% of employee contributions. The City's maximum contribution does not exceed 15% for employees hired before July 1, 2012 and 10% for employees hired after June 30, 2012. Employee contributions vest immediately, whereas employer contributions vest at a rate of 20% per year.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The payroll for employees covered by the plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$1,207,709, as compared to the City's total payroll of \$2,323,246. For fiscal 2016, the City's contribution was \$138,984 (or 11.51% of covered payroll). Employee contributions were \$141,061 (or 11.68% of covered payroll).

# 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

# 15. STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE ACT COMPLIANCE

Public Act 245 of 1999 amended the State Construction Act to require Michigan municipal governments to establish fees that bear a reasonable relationship to the cost of operating their building departments. The City's fee structure is not intended to fully recover its costs, and accordingly, the operations of the City's building department are accounted for in the general fund. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City reported revenue from building permits of \$163,808 and related expenditures for inspections of \$164,247, resulting in a cumulative shortfall of \$25,012 as summarized below:

Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2015	\$ (24,573)
Building permit revenue	163,808
Expenditures-professional services	 (164,247)
	 _
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2016	\$ (25,012)

# 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is currently involved in various tax appeals pending before the Michigan Tax Tribunal. The appeals cover various commercial and industrial properties for the years 2015 through 2016. Due to the large number of appeals currently before the Tribunal, the time frame for resolution of these matters is unknown at this time. An estimate of the City's maximum exposure is \$475,000 dollars in taxable value. The City is vigorously defending all litigation.

The City has entered into an agreement for street projects totaling \$543,456. The work is expected to be completed during fiscal year 2017.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 17. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Following is a summary of the net investment in capital assets, as presented in the government-wide statement of net position:

	Go	vernmental	Βι	usiness-type	
		Activities	Activities		
Capital assets, net	\$	16,832,552	\$	19,650,035	
Capital related bonds and purchase agreements		(2,280,000)		(7,134,062)	
Deferred charges on refunding		-		178,117	
Unamortized discount on bonds		25,620		-	
Unamortized premium on bonds		-		(176,102)	
				·	
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	14,578,172	\$	12,517,988	

# 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2016, the City issued \$5,000,000 in capital improvement and refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to fund capital improvements and refund two small bonds outstanding. The bonds are to be repaid through May 2032 with payments ranging from \$125,000 to \$500,000 and carry an interest rate of 2.00-2.35%. In addition, other postemployment benefits will be discontinued for all new hires after July 1, 2016.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Required Supplementary Information Employees' Postemployment Benefits Plan

# **Schedule of Funding Progress** Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuaria Value of Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	l	Jnfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a) / c)
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$		\$ 1,035,630 1,164,401 1,099,327 1,095,678 978,127 988,347	\$	1,035,630 1,164,401 1,099,327 1,095,678 978,127 988,347	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$ 1,979,209 2,042,261 1,994,742 1,907,283 1,940,153 1,858,758	52% 57% 55% 57% 50% 53%

# **Schedule of Employer Contributions** Other Postemployment Benefits Plan

Year Ended June 30,	F	Annual Required ntributions	Percentage Contributed
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$	104,766 114,221 109,451 105,344 99,205 96,278	14% 13% 11% 13% 12%

# **Required Supplementary Information**

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

# Schedule of Changes in City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	F	iscal Year Er	ded	June 30,
		2015		2016
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	46,794	\$	43,614
Interest		218,700		227,146
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		-		38,397
Changes of assumptions		-		141,091
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(146,817)		(176,252)
Net change in total pension liability		118,677		273,996
Total pension liability, beginning of year		2,700,922		2,819,599
Total pension liability, end of year		2,819,599		3,093,595
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions		69,726		75,653
Employee contributions		36,699		34,472
Net investment income (loss)		104,984		(24,979)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(146,817)		(176,252)
Administrative expense		(3,854)		(3,725)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		60,738		(94,831)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		1,666,251		1,726,989
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year		1,726,989		1,632,158
City's net pension liability	\$	1,092,610	\$	1,461,437
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of total pension liability		61.2%		52.8%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	461,142	\$	281,962
City's net pension liability as a percentage				
of covered-employee payroll		236.9%		518.3%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 of the preceding year.

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

# Schedule of the Net Pension Liability

							Plan Net Position as			Net Pension Liability as
Fiscal Year							Percentage of	C	overed-	Percentage
Ended	To	tal Pension		Plan Net		et Pension	<b>Total Pension</b>	E	mployee	of Covered
June 30,		Liability		Position		Liability	Liability		Payroll	Payroll
2015	¢	2 940 500	¢	1 724 000	ċ	1 002 610	61.2%	ċ	461 142	236.9%
2015	þ	2,819,599	þ	1,726,989	Ş	1,092,610	01.2%	Ş	461,142	230.9%
2016		3,093,595		1,632,158		1,461,437	52.8%		281,962	518.3%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 of the preceding year.

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

MERS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Det	tuarially ermined tribution	in Ret	tributions elation to Actuarially ermined tribution	D	ntribution eficiency (Excess)	E	overed- mployee Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
2015 2016	\$	69,726 75,653	\$	69,726 75,653	\$	-	\$	461,142 281,962	15.1% 26.8%

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

# Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Valuation Date December 31, 2015

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the

June 30 that is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in

which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization

period 23 years

Asset valuation method Open; 10-year smoothed value of assets

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 4.5% in the long-term (2% and 2.5% for calendar years 2016 and 2017,

respectively)

Investment rate of return 8.25%

Retirement age Age-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. The Normal Retirement rates were first used for the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuations. The Early Retirement rates

were first used for the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuations.

Mortality Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity

Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

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# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

				Special Rev	enue	enue Funds				
	Re	Parks and Recreation		Drug Forfeiture		Police Restricted		Airport /elopment		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	41,305 548	\$	10,220 -	\$	2,107 -	\$	147,710		
Accounts receivable Prepaid items		16,000		-		-		6,389		
Total assets	\$	57,853	\$	10,220	\$	2,107	\$	154,099		
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	2,378 1,069	\$	497 -	\$	- -	\$	2,277 4,500		
Total liabilities		3,447		497				6,777		
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue - property taxes		548						<u>-</u>		
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted		16,000 37,858		- 9,723		- 2,107		- 147,322		
Total fund balances		53,858		9,723		2,107		147,322		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	57,853	\$	10,220	\$	2,107	\$	154,099		

Debt Serv			
Island Bridge	Cap	004 vital vements	Total
\$ 920 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ 202,262 548 6,389 16,000
\$ 920	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 225,199
\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 5,152 5,569
			10,721
 		<u>-</u>	 548
-		-	16,000
920 920		<u>-</u> -	197,930 213,930
\$ 920	\$		\$ 225,199

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Parks and creation	Drug Forfeiture	Police Restricted		Airport velopment		
Revenues Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	146,497 - 20,677 2,589 11,998	\$ - - 29 1,173	\$ - 3,054 - 45 -	\$	63,407 3,325 1,513		
Total revenues		181,761	1,202	3,099		68,245		
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Recreation and culture Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		- - 156,658 - - -	- 318 - - - -	2,529 - - - -		75,929 - - - 6,095 - -		
Total expenditures		156,658	318	2,529		82,024		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		25,103	884	570		(13,779)		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		(22,808)	<u>-</u>	(17,475)		- -		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(22,808)		(17,475)		<u>-</u>		
Net changes in fund balances		2,295	884	(16,905)		(13,779)		
Fund balances, beginning of year		51,563	8,839	19,012		161,101		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	53,858	\$ 9,723	\$ 2,107	\$	147,322		

Debt Serv	vice Fund	
Island Bridge	2004 Capital Improvements	Total
\$ 12,000 - 62	\$ - - - 200	\$ 146,497 15,054 84,084 6,250
		 14,684
 12,062	200	266,569
-	-	75,929
-	-	2,847
-	-	156,658
-	-	6,095
25,000	120,000	145,000
10,058	4,620	14,678
35,058	124,620	401,207
(22,996)	(124,420)	(134,638)
22,808	124,320	147,128
 <u>-</u>	(12,483)	 (52,766)
 22,808	111,837	 94,362
(188)	(12,583)	(40,276)
 1,108	12,583	 254,206
\$ 920	\$ -	\$ 213,930

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	(Ur	tual Over nder) Final Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 145,015	\$ 145,015	\$	146,497	\$	1,482
Intergovernmental	- 25 500	- 25 500		-		- (4.022)
Charges for services	25,500 100	25,500		20,677		(4,823)
Investment income		100		2,589		2,489
Other	6,750	 6,750		11,998		5,248
Total revenues	177,365	177,365		181,761		4,396
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-		-		-
Public safety	-	-		-		-
Recreation and culture	151,683	169,283		156,658		(12,625)
Capital outlay		-		-		
Total expenditures	 151,683	 169,283		156,658		(12,625)
Revenues over expenditures	 25,682	 8,082		25,103		17,021
Others Consideration						
Other financing uses	(22, 909)	(22, 909)		(22, 909)		
Transfers out	 (22,808)	 (22,808)		(22,808)		
Net change in fund balance	2,874	(14,726)		2,295		17,021
Fund balance, beginning of year	51,563	51,563		51,563		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 54,437	\$ 36,837	\$	53,858	\$	17,021

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Drug Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-		-	
Charges for services	-	-	-		-	
Investment income	16	16	29		13	
Other	 -	 -	1,173		1,173	
Total revenues	 16	 16	 1,202		1,186	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-		-	
Public safety	320	320	318		(2)	
Recreation and culture	-	-	-		-	
Capital outlay	 -	 -	-			
Total expenditures	 320	320	318		(2)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (304)	 (304)	 884		1,188	
Other financing uses Transfers out						
Net change in fund balance	(304)	(304)	884		1,188	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 8,839	 8,839	 8,839			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,535	\$ 8,535	\$ 9,723	\$	1,188	

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Police Restricted Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		1,545		3,054		1,509	
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	
Investment income		34		34		45		11	
Other		<u>-</u>					-		
Total revenues	34 1,579 3,099						1,520		
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		3,019		2,529		(490)	
Recreation and culture Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay									
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		3,019		2,529		(490)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		34		(1,441)		570		2,011	
ou s									
Other financing uses Transfers out		_		(17,475)		(17,475)		_	
						, , ,			
Net change in fund balance		34		(18,916)		(16,905)		2,011	
Fund balance, beginning of year		19,012		19,012		19,012			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	19,046	\$	96	\$	2,107	\$	2,011	

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Airport Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	riginal udget	Final Budget			Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-	
Charges for services	61,330		61,330		63,407		2,077	
Investment income	200		200		3,325		3,125	
Other	 				1,513		1,513	
Total revenues	61,530	61,530			68,245		6,715	
Expenditures								
Current:	F2 F2F		02.025		75.020		(( 00()	
General government	53,525		82,025		75,929		(6,096)	
Public safety Recreation and culture	-		-		-		-	
	12,000		12 000		- 4 00E		- (E 00E)	
Capital outlay	 12,000		12,000		6,095		(5,905)	
Total expenditures	 65,525		94,025		82,024		(12,001)	
Revenues under expenditures	(3,995)		(32,495)		(13,779)		18,716	
Other financing uses Transfers out	<u>-</u>							
Net change in fund balance	(3,995)		(32,495)		(13,779)		18,716	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 161,101		161,101		161,101			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 157,106	\$	128,606	\$	147,322	\$	18,716	

# Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2016

	uipment perating	Employee Benefit			Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 105,493	\$	305,573	\$	411,066
Accounts receivable	319		-		319
Due from other funds	13,818		-		13,818
Prepaid items	 -		36,668		36,668
Total current assets	119,630		342,241		461,871
Capital assets, net	319,364				319,364
Total assets	438,994		342,241		781,235
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	2,031		-		2,031
Accrued liabilities	3,396		5,566		8,962
Accrued compensated absences,					
current portion	 795				795
Total current liabilities	6,222		5,566		11,788
Noncurrent liabilities -					
Accrued compensated absences,					
net of current portion	 5,830				5,830
Total liabilities	 12,052		5,566		17,618
Net position					
Investment in capital assets	319,364		-		319,364
Unrestricted	 107,578		336,675		444,253
Total net position	\$ 426,942	\$	336,675	\$	763,617

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	-	uipment perating		mployee Benefit	Total
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	342,846	\$	766,076	\$ 1,108,922
Other revenue		473		-	 473
Total operating revenues		343,319		766,076	1,109,395
Operating expenses					
Personnel		119,919		641,436	761,355
Repair and maintenance		56,701		-	56,701
Utilities		3,919		-	3,919
Other		39,745		-	39,745
Depreciation		43,861		-	 43,861
Total operating expenses		264,145		641,436	 905,581
Net operating income		79,174		124,640	 203,814
Nonoperating revenues					
Investment income		5,408		439	5,847
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		15,282		-	15,282
Total nonoperating revenues		20,690		439	21,129
Change in net position		99,864		125,079	224,943
Net position, beginning of year	-	327,078	-	211,596	538,674
Net position, end of year	\$	426,942	\$	336,675	\$ 763,617

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# Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	uipment perating	mployee Benefit	Total
Cash flows from operating activities	poruting	Donone	. otal
Receipts from interfund services	\$ 329,028	\$ 766,076	\$ 1,095,104
Payments to suppliers/claimants	(99,767)	(638,466)	(738,233)
Payments to employees	 (117,598)	 -	(117,598)
Net cash provided by operating activities	111,663	127,610	239,273
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities	(E1 E00)		(E1 E00)
Acquisition of capital assets	(51,590)	-	(51,590)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 15,282	 	 15,282
Net cash used by capital and related			
financing activities	 (36,308)	-	 (36,308)
Cash flows from investing activities	E 400	420	E 0.47
Investment income	 5,408	 439	 5,847
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	80,763	128,049	208,812
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	24,730	177,524	202,254
cash and cash equivalents, segiming or year	2 1,730	177,521	 202,231
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 105,493	\$ 305,573	\$ 411,066
Reconciliation of operating income to			
net cash provided by operating activities			
Operating income	\$ 79,174	\$ 124,640	\$ 203,814
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	·	,	·
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	43,861	-	43,861
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	1,777	-	1,777
Prepaid items	-	2,110	2,110
Due from other funds	(13,818)	-	(13,818)
Accounts payable	(1,652)	(404)	(2,056)
Accrued liabilities	1,380	1,264	2,644
Accrued compensated absences	 941		941
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 111,663	\$ 127,610	\$ 239,273

### Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

Downtown Development Authority June 30, 2016

	Special evenue	Debt Service		Capital Projects	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 172,820 - -	\$	7,285 - -	\$	276,374 - -
Total assets	172,981		7,285		276,374
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred charge on refunding	 		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 172,981	\$	7,285	\$	276,374
Liabilities Accounts payable Salaries payable Accrued interest payable Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 9,187 531 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -
Total liabilities	 9,718				
Fund balances Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unassigned	 - - 163,263		7,285 - -		276,374 -
Total fund balances	 163,263		7,285		276,374
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 172,981	\$	7,285	\$	276,374

#### Net position

Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted

Total net position

Totals Governmental Funds	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
\$ 456,479	\$ -	\$ 456,479
-	480,331	480,331
	2,356,762	2,356,762
456,640	2,837,093	3,293,733
<u> </u>	22,061	22,061
\$ 456,640	2,859,154	3,315,794
\$ 9,187	-	9,187
531	-	531
-	9,768	9,768
-	205,000	205,000
<u>-</u>	1,536,657	1,536,657
9,718	1,751,425	1,761,143
7,7.10	.,,,,,,,,,	.,,
7,285	(7,285)	_
276,374	(276,374)	-
163,263	(163,263)	
446,922	(446,922)	
\$ 456,640		
	1,095,436	1,095,436
	7,285	7,285
	276,374	276,374
	175,556	175,556
	\$ 1,554,651	\$ 1,554,651

#### Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds

Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	648,600	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		2,665		536		734
Other		1,572				
Total revenues		652,837		536		734
Expenditures / expenses						
Economic development		237,276		-		-
Capital outlay		23,949		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal		-		256,152		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		67,198		-
Total expenditures / expenses		261,225		323,350		
Revenues over (under) expenditures/expenses		391,612		(322,814)		734
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		322,903		100,000
Transfers out		(422,903)				<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(422,903)		322,903		100,000
Net changes in fund balances / net position		(31,291)		89		100,734
Fund balances/net position						
Beginning of year		194,554		7,196		175,640
End of year	\$	163,263	\$	7,285	\$	276,374

Gov	Totals vernmental Funds	Ac	djustments	atement of Activities
\$	648,600	\$	-	\$ 648,600
	3,935		-	3,935
	1,572		-	 1,572
	654,107		-	654,107
	237,276		146,102	383,378
	23,949		(23,949)	-
	256,152		(256,152)	-
	67,198		3,838	 71,036
	584,575		(130,161)	 454,414
	69,532		130,161	 199,693
	422,903		(422,903)	-
	(422,903)		422,903	-
	-		-	-
	69,532		130,161	199,693
	377,390		977,568	 1,354,958
\$	446,922	\$	1,107,729	\$ 1,554,651

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund Downtown Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	mended Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 678,982	\$ 678,982	\$ 648,600	\$	(30,382)	
Interest	1,100	1,100	2,665		1,565	
Other	 100	 100	 1,572		1,472	
Total revenues	 680,182	680,182	 652,837		(27,345)	
Expenditures						
Economic development	273,258	294,308	237,276		(57,032)	
Capital outlay	50,000	73,950	23,949		(50,001)	
Total expenditures	323,258	 368,258	261,225		(107,033)	
Revenues over expenditures	356,924	311,924	391,612		79,688	
Other financing uses						
Transfers out	 (376,050)	(422,903)	(422,903)		-	
Net changes in fund balance	(19,126)	(110,979)	(31,291)		79,688	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 194,554	194,554	194,554		_	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 175,428	\$ 83,575	\$ 163,263	\$	79,688	

### **Statement of Net Position**

Local Development Finance Authority June 30, 2016

June 30, 2016	
Assets	
Current assets -	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,594
Noncurrent assets -	
Capital assets not being depreciated	 2,401,071
Total assets	 2,575,665
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,689
Accrued interest payable	2,039
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	30,000
Due in more than one year	 215,000
Total liabilities	248,728
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,156,071
Unrestricted	 170,866
Total net position	\$ 2,326,937

Statement of Activities Local Development Finance Authority	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Operating revenues	
Property taxes	\$ 10,648
Other revenue	123
Total operating revenues	10,771
Operating expenses	
Economic development	46,228
Operating loss	(35,457)
Nonoperating revenue (expense)	
Intergovernmental revenue from primary government	80,000
Interest expense	(13,960)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(59,554)
Total nonoperating revenue	6,486
Change in net position	(28,971)
Net position, beginning of year	2,355,908
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,326,937

Statement of Cash Flows Local Development Finance Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2016	
Cash flows from operating activities  Cash received from property taxes and other revenues  Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 10,771 (44,650)
Net cash used by operating activities	 (33,879)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Intergovernmental revenues from primary government	 80,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities  Long-term debt principal payments Interest payments on long-term debt Proceeds from sale of assets	(50,000) (14,314) 149,750
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	 85,436
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	131,557
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	43,037
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 174,594
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities -  Change in assets and liabilities -	\$ (35,457)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 1,578
	\$ (33,879)

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